# **Safety Data Sheet**

## 1.0 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE

#### 1.1 Product Identification

Substance Denatured **Ethanol** 

Commercial Product Name Fuel Grade Ethanol (gasoline denatured)

Synonyms Denatured **Ethanol** 

CAS **64-17-5** 

UK REACH Registration No. UK-01-8186404962-2-0060

EU REACH Registration No. 01-2119457610-43-0754 (Greenergy Fuels Spain S.L. as OR)

# 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Specific Use(s) Blend component for automotive gasoline

Exposure Scenario(s) Exposure scenarios for ethanol

Uses Advised Against

Chemical Safety Report

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the SDS

Company Greenergy Fuels Limited

High Holborn London WC1V 7BD

**UNITED KINGDOM** 

Telephone No. **02074047700** 

Email msds-info@greenergy.com

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +44 (0)1235 836 100

Opening Hours 24 / 7

## 2.0 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

CLP-Classification: The product is classified as hazardous in accordance with Directive 1272/2008/EEC.

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flam. Liq. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Muta. 1B H340 - May cause genetic defects.

Carc. 1B H350 - May cause cancer.

#### 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

CLP pictograms:



Signal word:

Danger

CLP Hazard statements: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H340 - May cause genetic defects.

H350 - May cause cancer.

CLP Precautionary statements: P210 - Keep away from sparks. - No smoking.

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

## Labelling according to Directives (67/548/EEC - 1999/45/EC)

Not relevant

#### **Other Hazards**

Other hazards: This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).

This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent nor very

bioaccumulating (vPvB).

## 3.0 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Substance name	Product Identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP / GHS]
Ethanol	CAS no: 64-17-5 EC no: 200-578-6 EC Index: 603-002-00-5	98 - 99	H225 - Flam. Liq. 2 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Gasoline	CAS no: 86290-81-5 EC no: 289-220-8 EC Index: 649-378-00-4	1 - 2	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Repr. 2, H361fd

#### 4.0 FIRST AID MEASURES

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Keep at rest.

Move to fresh air.

Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed

Skin contact: Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15

minutes.

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth.

Drink plenty of water.

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may

cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Skin contact: Prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Eye contact: Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Ingestion: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Ingestion may cause

gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Other adverse effects: Carcinogenic Mutagenic.

#### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

#### 5.0 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol resistant foam.

Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety

High volume water jet

reasons:

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire Hazard: Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

Specific hazards: Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Vapours can travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they

can ignite, flash back, or explode.

Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Possible decomposition products are: Cox

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in

accordance with local regulations.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment

Wear personal protective equipment.

for fire-fighters:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# **6.0 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate area. Wear personal protective

equipment. See also section 8. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.

Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not smoke. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning transfer

operations.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Environmental precautions: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Remove all sources of ignition. Do not use tools which may produce sparks.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Dam up. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. After cleaning, flush

away traces with water. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

## 7.0 HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling: Wear personal protective equipment. See also section 8 Do not breathe vapours

or spray mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always replace cap after use. Do not burn. Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning transfer

operations.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage: Keep tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in original

container. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Keep away from direct sunlight. Do not store near or with any of the

incompatible materials listed in section 10.

Hygiene measures: Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Handle in

accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands and

face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): No data

# 8.0 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **8.1 Control parameters**

Component: Ethanol (64-17-5)

TLV-TWA (mg/m³): 260 (NL); 950 (NO); 960 (DE, CH,SK); 1000 (SE, CS, ET, LT, BG, LV, RU);

1900 (DA, FR, FI, GR, AT, HU, SL, HR, PL); 1907 (BE); 1910 (ES); 1920 (GB);

1000 ppm (PT)

TLV-STEL (mg/m³): 1900 (LT, ET, NL, SE); 1920 (CH, SK, DE); 2500 (FI); 3000 (CS); 3800 (AT);

9500 (FR)

DNEL: No data PNEC: No data

Component: Gasoline (86290-81-5)

TLV-TWA (ppm): 300 (CH, VLA-ED Spain, 2008)

TLV-TWA (mg/m<sup>3</sup>): 1100 (CH), 250 (UT4, Kraftstoff, DE); mist: 5 (BE, GB, FR, NL, ES, FI, DK, NO);

mist:1 (SE);

TLV-STEL (mg/m³): mist: 10 (BE, GB); mist: 3 (SE)

#### **8.2 Exposure controls**

Respiratory protection: Ensure adequate ventilation.

Not required under normal use

In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Full face mask (EN 136)

Respirator with a half face mask (EN 140) Recommended Filter type: (type A - EN 141)

Hand protection: Wear chemically resistant gloves tested for breakthrough time for Ethanol in

accordance with EN374. The selection of specific gloves for a specific application and time of use in a working area, should also take into account other factors on the working space, such as (but not limited to): other chemicals that are possibly used, physical requirements (protection against cutting/drilling, skill, thermal protection), and the instructions/specification of the supplier of

gloves.

Eye protection: Safety glasses (EN 166)

## 9.0 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: liquid
Colour: colourless
Odour: alcohol-like

pH: not applicable
Boiling point/boiling range: ca 78 °C
Melting point/range: << 0°C
Flash point: ca 12 °C
Auto-ignition temperature: ca 425 °C
Explosive properties: LEL ca 3.4%
Oxidizing properties: not applicable

Evaporation rate: ca 3.4

Vapour pressure: ca 57.3 kPa @ 20°C

Vapour density: ca 1.59 Solubility in other solvents: miscible

Viscosity: ca 1.2 mPa.s @ 20°C Density: ca 0.79 g/cm³ @ 15°C

Partition coefficient: for Ethanol ~ -0.32 (n-octanol/water)

## 9.2 Other information

No data available

#### **10.0 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### **10.1 Reactivity**

Reactivity: Flammable liquid

See also section 10.5

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Exposure to sunlight.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agent, Acids and bases

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes. Possible decomposition products

Products: are: COx.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **General Information**

#### **Acute toxicity**

 Component:
 Ethanol (64-17-5)

 LD50/oral/rat:
 1501 mg/kg

 LC50 (inhalation/rat):
 >5.2 mg/l/4 h

 LD50 (dermal/rabbit):
 >2000 mg/kg

 Component:
 Gasoline (86290-81-5)

 LD50/oral/rat:
 >5000 mg/kg (ARCO, 1986b)

 LC50 (inhalation/rat):
 >5.2 mg/l/4 h (ARCO, 1992)

 LD50 (dermal/rabbit):
 >2000 mg/kg (ARCO, 1986a)

Inhalation: Inhalation of high vapour concentrations may cause symptoms like headache,

dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Skin contact: Prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Eye contact: Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

**Chronic toxicity:** 

Germ cell mutagenicity: May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer.

**Further information** 

No data available

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **12.1 Toxicity**

Ecotoxicity effects: Not hazardous.

Component: Ethanol (64-17-5)

LC50/96h/fish: 14,200 mg/l (Pimephales promelas)

Component: Gasoline (86290-81-5)

LC50/96h/fish: 1 - 10 mg/l (Rainbow trout)

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability: Readily biodegradable.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation: (ethanol) log Pow = -0,32

(gasoline) log Kow = ≥ 3

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility: Miscible

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

## 13.0 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

products:

Waste from residues / unused In accordance with local and national regulations. Do not burn, or use a

cutting torch on, the empty drum. Do not puncture or incinerate.

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Contaminated packaging: Do not puncture or incinerate. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty

drum. Never use pressure to empty container. Empty containers should be

taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Codes of waste (2001/573/EC, The following Waste Codes are only suggestions:

75/442/EEC, 91/689/EEC): 130703 - other fuels (including mixtures)

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which

the product was used.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### 14.1 UN Number

UN number: 3475

# 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name: ETHANOL AND GASOLINE MIXTURE

# 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

#### 14.3.1 Overland transport

Class: 3 - Flammable liquids

Danger code: 33 ADR classification code: F1

ADR danger labels: 3 - Flammable liquid



Orange plates:

ADR tunnel restriction code: D/E limited quantities: LQ04 ADR excepted quantities: E2

# Inland waterway transport (ADN/ADNR)

ADNR class: 3

14.3.2 Transport by sea

Class: 3 - Flammable liquids

14.3.3 Air transport

Class: 3 - Flammable liquids

14.4 Packing group

Packing group:

14.5 Environmental hazards

Other information (transport): No supplementary information available.

14.6 Special precautions for users

No data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Bio-fuel blends of Gasoline and Ethyl alcohol (>25% but <99% by volume)

Pollution Category: X
Hazards: S/P
Ship Type: 2

# **15.0 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1 UK Regulations

No data available

15.1. Other National regulations

DE WGK: 3

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment** 

Chemical Safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the following

substances of this mixture.

Ethanol Gasoline



#### **16.0 OTHER INFORMATION**

- (1) Version 3.0, Correction to section 8.2; respiratory protection filter type reduced from AX to A
- (2) The contents and format of this SDS are in accordance with the ECHA Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets, version 4.0 December 2020 ISBN: 978-92-9481-787-7
- (3) Data used in this SDS has been sourced from the ECHA disseminated REACH dossier information for Renewable Hydrocarbons (Diesel type fraction) EC 700-671-2
- (4) List of Abbreviations:

SDS Safety Data Sheet

ECHA European Chemicals Agency

CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regs.
GHS Globally Harmonised System [of classification]

DNEL Derived No Effect Level

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH Registration, Evaluation and Authorisation of Chemicals

ADR Agreement for the transportation of dangerous goods by road

ADN International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

RID International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

PBT Persistent, Bio-accumulative and Toxic vPvB Very Persistent and very Bio-accumulative

PCA Passenger Carrying Aircraft

CAO Cargo Aircraft Only

STOT Single Target Organ Toxicity

PVC Polyvinyl Chloride

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